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N'-(2,4-Dichlorobenzylidene)-2-fluorobenzohydrazide

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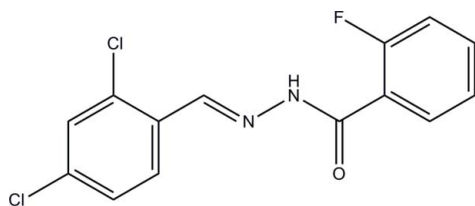
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 298$ K; mean $\sigma(C-C) = 0.004$ Å; R factor = 0.056; wR factor = 0.163; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.1.

The molecule of the title compound, $C_{14}H_9Cl_2FN_2O$, exists in a *trans* configuration with respect to the methyldene unit and the benzene rings form a dihedral angle of $8.1(2)^\circ$. In the crystal, molecules are linked through $N-H\cdots O$ hydrogen bonds into $C(4)$ chains propagating in $[100]$.

Related literature

For related structures and background to the pharmacological properties of hydrazone compounds, see: Xu *et al.* (2011a,b). For reference bond-length values, see: Allen *et al.* (1987).



Experimental

Crystal data

$C_{14}H_9Cl_2FN_2O$
 $M_r = 311.13$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$
 $a = 7.2310(14)$ Å

$b = 26.145(5)$ Å
 $c = 8.0590(16)$ Å
 $\beta = 115.033(3)^\circ$
 $V = 1380.5(5)$ Å³
 $Z = 4$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.48$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 298$ K
 $0.23 \times 0.21 \times 0.20$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)
 $T_{\min} = 0.898$, $T_{\max} = 0.911$

9842 measured reflections
2963 independent reflections
2236 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.029$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.056$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.163$
 $S = 1.05$
2963 reflections
184 parameters
1 restraint

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.66$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.27$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$N2-H2\cdots O1^i$	0.89 (1)	2.19 (1)	3.054 (3)	162 (3)

Symmetry code: (i) $x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 1998); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 1998); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB5775).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o252 [doi:10.1107/S1600536810053249]

N'-(2,4-Dichlorobenzylidene)-2-fluorobenzohydrazide

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Comment

As a continuation of our recent work on the structures of hydrazone compounds (Xu *et al.*, 2011*a,b*), the title compound, (I), is reported.

The molecule of the compound, Fig. 1, exists in a *trans* configuration with respect to the methyldene unit. The molecule is twisted, with the dihedral angle between the two benzene rings of 8.1 (2)°. The torsion angle C7—N1—N2—C8 is 9.0 (3)°. The bond lengths are within normal ranges (Allen *et al.*, 1987).

In the crystal structure, molecules are linked through intermolecular N—H···O hydrogen bonds (Table 1), to form chains down the *a* axis (Fig. 2).

Experimental

2,4-Dichlorobenzaldehyde (0.1 mmol, 17.4 mg) and 2-fluorobenzohydrazide (0.1 mmol, 15.4 mg) were mixed in ethanol (20 ml). The mixture was stirred at room temperature to give a clear colorless solution. Colorless well shaped blocks of the title compound were formed by gradual evaporation of the solvent over a period of five days at room temperature.

Refinement

H2 atom was located from a difference Fourier map and refined isotropically, with N—H distance restrained to 0.90 (1) Å. The remaining H atoms were placed in geometrically idealized positions, with C—H = 0.93, and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$.

Figures

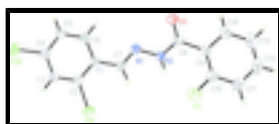


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound, with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 30% probability level.

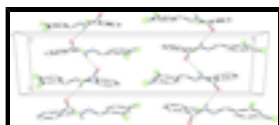


Fig. 2. The one-dimensional chains structure along *a* axis. The intermolecular hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

N'-(2,4-Dichlorobenzylidene)-2-fluorobenzohydrazide

Crystal data

C₁₄H₉Cl₂FN₂O

M_r = 311.13

F(000) = 632

D_x = 1.497 Mg m⁻³

supplementary materials

Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$
Hall symbol: -P 2yn
 $a = 7.2310$ (14) Å
 $b = 26.145$ (5) Å
 $c = 8.0590$ (16) Å
 $\beta = 115.033$ (3)°
 $V = 1380.5$ (5) Å³
 $Z = 4$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Cell parameters from 2459 reflections
 $\theta = 2.7$ – 25.0 °
 $\mu = 0.48$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 298$ K
Block, colorless
 $0.23 \times 0.21 \times 0.20$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
graphite
 ω scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)
 $T_{\min} = 0.898$, $T_{\max} = 0.911$
9842 measured reflections

2963 independent reflections
2236 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.029$
 $\theta_{\max} = 27.0$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 1.6$ °
 $h = -9 \rightarrow 9$
 $k = -33 \rightarrow 33$
 $l = -10 \rightarrow 10$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.056$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.163$
 $S = 1.05$
2963 reflections
184 parameters
1 restraint

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0831P)^2 + 0.4914P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.66$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.27$ e Å⁻³

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl1	0.86585 (15)	0.06215 (3)	0.64036 (10)	0.0753 (3)
Cl2	0.71562 (15)	0.01533 (3)	-0.04771 (12)	0.0778 (3)
F1	0.7577 (4)	0.25674 (8)	0.9556 (3)	0.0964 (7)
N1	0.7523 (3)	0.21787 (8)	0.4805 (3)	0.0482 (5)
N2	0.7956 (3)	0.24975 (8)	0.6285 (3)	0.0506 (6)
O1	0.5927 (3)	0.31235 (8)	0.4527 (3)	0.0707 (6)
C1	0.7912 (4)	0.13485 (10)	0.3799 (3)	0.0439 (6)
C2	0.8097 (4)	0.08305 (11)	0.4195 (3)	0.0482 (6)
C3	0.7842 (4)	0.04630 (10)	0.2903 (4)	0.0523 (6)
H3	0.7953	0.0117	0.3203	0.063*
C4	0.7417 (4)	0.06205 (11)	0.1141 (4)	0.0526 (7)
C5	0.7245 (4)	0.11280 (11)	0.0675 (4)	0.0540 (7)
H5	0.6977	0.1228	-0.0513	0.065*
C6	0.7475 (4)	0.14872 (11)	0.1991 (4)	0.0517 (6)
H6	0.7336	0.1832	0.1675	0.062*
C7	0.8217 (4)	0.17291 (10)	0.5209 (3)	0.0479 (6)
H7	0.8938	0.1640	0.6434	0.058*
C8	0.7067 (4)	0.29579 (10)	0.6032 (3)	0.0479 (6)
C9	0.7558 (4)	0.32662 (10)	0.7740 (3)	0.0475 (6)
C10	0.7779 (4)	0.30700 (12)	0.9386 (4)	0.0581 (7)
C11	0.8167 (5)	0.33677 (16)	1.0910 (4)	0.0761 (10)
H11	0.8316	0.3221	1.2011	0.091*
C12	0.8328 (5)	0.38854 (17)	1.0753 (5)	0.0832 (11)
H12	0.8592	0.4095	1.1762	0.100*
C13	0.8106 (5)	0.40961 (14)	0.9143 (6)	0.0796 (10)
H13	0.8231	0.4448	0.9066	0.096*
C14	0.7696 (4)	0.37967 (11)	0.7614 (5)	0.0615 (8)
H14	0.7514	0.3947	0.6510	0.074*
H2	0.886 (4)	0.2381 (12)	0.736 (2)	0.080*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cl1	0.1180 (7)	0.0635 (5)	0.0493 (4)	0.0186 (4)	0.0401 (5)	0.0144 (3)
Cl2	0.1043 (7)	0.0760 (6)	0.0646 (5)	-0.0129 (5)	0.0469 (5)	-0.0227 (4)
F1	0.143 (2)	0.0761 (14)	0.0794 (14)	0.0124 (13)	0.0558 (14)	0.0170 (11)
N1	0.0445 (12)	0.0506 (13)	0.0370 (11)	0.0004 (10)	0.0050 (9)	-0.0031 (9)
N2	0.0505 (13)	0.0511 (13)	0.0332 (11)	0.0077 (10)	0.0012 (9)	-0.0017 (9)
O1	0.0788 (14)	0.0604 (12)	0.0421 (11)	0.0151 (11)	-0.0044 (10)	0.0048 (9)
C1	0.0374 (12)	0.0507 (14)	0.0375 (13)	0.0004 (11)	0.0099 (10)	0.0028 (11)
C2	0.0493 (14)	0.0553 (15)	0.0397 (13)	0.0055 (12)	0.0186 (11)	0.0053 (11)
C3	0.0584 (16)	0.0474 (15)	0.0552 (16)	-0.0029 (12)	0.0281 (14)	-0.0016 (12)
C4	0.0500 (15)	0.0631 (17)	0.0470 (15)	-0.0085 (12)	0.0227 (12)	-0.0117 (12)
C5	0.0581 (16)	0.0636 (17)	0.0360 (13)	-0.0107 (13)	0.0158 (12)	-0.0011 (12)

supplementary materials

C6	0.0510 (15)	0.0538 (15)	0.0430 (14)	-0.0041 (12)	0.0127 (12)	0.0047 (12)
C7	0.0445 (14)	0.0536 (15)	0.0369 (13)	0.0043 (12)	0.0087 (11)	0.0011 (11)
C8	0.0409 (13)	0.0505 (15)	0.0410 (14)	0.0012 (11)	0.0064 (11)	0.0019 (11)
C9	0.0321 (12)	0.0548 (15)	0.0437 (14)	0.0054 (11)	0.0044 (10)	-0.0010 (11)
C10	0.0510 (16)	0.0625 (18)	0.0527 (16)	0.0142 (13)	0.0140 (13)	0.0033 (14)
C11	0.063 (2)	0.109 (3)	0.0447 (17)	0.0231 (19)	0.0124 (14)	-0.0059 (17)
C12	0.062 (2)	0.096 (3)	0.072 (2)	0.0140 (19)	0.0088 (18)	-0.035 (2)
C13	0.061 (2)	0.064 (2)	0.099 (3)	0.0019 (16)	0.0197 (19)	-0.025 (2)
C14	0.0491 (16)	0.0514 (16)	0.073 (2)	0.0019 (12)	0.0147 (14)	-0.0084 (14)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C11—C2	1.738 (3)	C5—C6	1.373 (4)
C12—C4	1.738 (3)	C5—H5	0.9300
F1—C10	1.336 (4)	C6—H6	0.9300
N1—C7	1.265 (3)	C7—H7	0.9300
N1—N2	1.379 (3)	C8—C9	1.503 (4)
N2—C8	1.339 (3)	C9—C10	1.367 (4)
N2—H2	0.893 (10)	C9—C14	1.397 (4)
O1—C8	1.222 (3)	C10—C11	1.379 (4)
C1—C2	1.385 (4)	C11—C12	1.369 (6)
C1—C6	1.401 (4)	C11—H11	0.9300
C1—C7	1.455 (3)	C12—C13	1.355 (6)
C2—C3	1.371 (4)	C12—H12	0.9300
C3—C4	1.382 (4)	C13—C14	1.382 (5)
C3—H3	0.9300	C13—H13	0.9300
C4—C5	1.370 (4)	C14—H14	0.9300
C7—N1—N2	114.8 (2)	N1—C7—H7	119.3
C8—N2—N1	119.5 (2)	C1—C7—H7	119.3
C8—N2—H2	124 (2)	O1—C8—N2	123.3 (2)
N1—N2—H2	116 (2)	O1—C8—C9	121.2 (2)
C2—C1—C6	116.8 (2)	N2—C8—C9	115.5 (2)
C2—C1—C7	121.4 (2)	C10—C9—C14	117.4 (3)
C6—C1—C7	121.9 (2)	C10—C9—C8	125.0 (3)
C3—C2—C1	122.8 (2)	C14—C9—C8	117.5 (2)
C3—C2—C11	117.1 (2)	F1—C10—C9	119.7 (3)
C1—C2—C11	120.1 (2)	F1—C10—C11	117.0 (3)
C2—C3—C4	118.1 (3)	C9—C10—C11	123.3 (3)
C2—C3—H3	120.9	C12—C11—C10	118.0 (3)
C4—C3—H3	120.9	C12—C11—H11	121.0
C5—C4—C3	121.7 (2)	C10—C11—H11	121.0
C5—C4—C12	120.4 (2)	C13—C12—C11	120.7 (3)
C3—C4—C12	117.9 (2)	C13—C12—H12	119.7
C4—C5—C6	118.9 (2)	C11—C12—H12	119.7
C4—C5—H5	120.5	C12—C13—C14	121.1 (3)
C6—C5—H5	120.5	C12—C13—H13	119.4
C5—C6—C1	121.8 (3)	C14—C13—H13	119.4
C5—C6—H6	119.1	C13—C14—C9	119.5 (3)
C1—C6—H6	119.1	C13—C14—H14	120.3

N1—C7—C1

121.4 (2)

C9—C14—H14

120.3

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

D—H \cdots *A*

D—H

H \cdots *A*

D \cdots *A*

D—H \cdots *A*

N2—H2 \cdots O1ⁱ

0.89 (1)

2.19 (1)

3.054 (3)

162 (3)

Symmetry codes: (i) $x+1/2, -y+1/2, z+1/2$.

Fig. 1

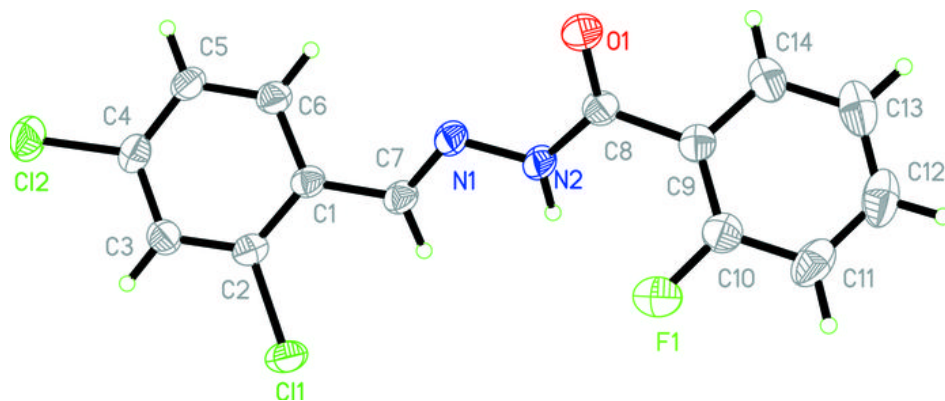


Fig. 2

